Long Term Plan



Year 2 – 2022-2023

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
The Ramsden Ruminator	Fire or Ice?	How may bones are there in a giraffe's neck?	How does your garden grow?
Class Texts	George and the dragon The Great Explorer The Great Fire of London – Non Fiction How to look after the egg The Christmas Star – digital literacy	Lila and the secret of the rain Big cats Zeraffa Giraffa Zahra – Digital Literacy	Tradition tales – Jack and the Beanstalk Trust me Jack's Beanstalk stinks The Tale of Peter Rabbit Global Garden Animal and Plant poems How to make a salad The Black Hat – Digital Literacy
English –	Phonics and decoding	Phonics and decoding	Phonics and decoding
Reading Foci	Continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words. Read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes. Accurately read most words of two or more syllables. Read most words containing common suffixes. <u>Common exception words</u> Read most Y1 and Y2 common exception words noting unusual correspondences	Continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words. Read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes. Accurately read most words of two or more syllables. Read most words containing common suffixes. <u>Common exception words</u> Read most Y1 and Y2 common exception words noting unusual correspondences	Continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words. Read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes. Accurately read most words of two or more syllables. Read most words containing common suffixes. <u>Common exception words</u> Read most Y1 and Y2 common exception words noting unusual correspondences
	between spelling and sound and where these occur in words. Fluency To read words accurately and fluently without overt sounding and blending (at over 90 words per minute, in age-appropriate texts.	between spelling and sound and where these occur in words. Fluency To read words accurately and fluently without overt sounding and blending (at over 90 words per minute, in age-appropriate texts.	between spelling and sound and where these occur in words. Fluency To read words accurately and fluently without overt sounding and blending (at over 90 words per minute, in age-appropriate texts.

Understanding and correcting inaccuracies	Understanding and correcting inaccuracies	Understanding and correcting inaccuracies
Show an understanding by drawing on what	Show an understanding by drawing on what	Show an understanding by drawing on what
they already know or on background	they already know or on background	they already know or on background
information and vocabulary provided by the	information and vocabulary provided by the	information and vocabulary provided by the
teacher.	teacher.	teacher.
Check that the text makes sense to them as they	Check that the text makes sense to them as they	Check that the text makes sense to them as they
read and to correct inaccurate reading	read and to correct inaccurate reading	read and to correct inaccurate reading
Comparing, contracting and commenting	Comparing, contracting and commenting	Comparing, contracting and commenting
Participate in discussion about books, poems	Participate in discussion about books, poems	Participate in discussion about books, poems
and other works that are read to them (at a	and other works that are read to them (at a	and other works that are read to them (at a
level beyond at which they can read	level beyond at which they can read	level beyond at which they can read
independently) and those that they can read for	independently) and those that they can read for	independently) and those that they can read for
themselves, explaining their understanding and	themselves, explaining their understanding and	themselves, explaining their understanding and
expressing their views.	expressing their views.	expressing their views.
Become increasingly familiar with and to retell	Become increasingly familiar with and to retell	Become increasingly familiar with and to retell
a wide range of stories, fairy stories and	a wide range of stories, fairy stories and	a wide range of stories, fairy stories and
traditional tales.	traditional tales.	traditional tales.
Discuss the sequence of events in books and	Discuss the sequence of events in books and	Discuss the sequence of events in books and
how items of information are related.	how items of information are related.	how items of information are related.
To ask and answer questions about a text.	To ask and answer questions about atext.	To ask and answer questions about atext.
To make links between the text they are	To make links between the text they are	To make links between the text they are
reading and other texts (in the texts they can	reading and other texts (in the texts they can	reading and other texts (in the texts they can
read independently	read independently	read independently
Recognise simple recurring literary language in	Recognise simple recurring literary language in	Recognise simple recurring literary language in
stories and poetry.	stories and poetry.	stories and poetry.
Ask and answer questions about a text.	Ask and answer questions about a text.	Ask and answer questions about a text.
Make links between the text they are reading and	Make links between the text they are reading and	Make links between the text they are reading and
other texts they have read (in texts that they can	other texts they have read (in texts that they can	other texts they have read (in texts that they can
read independently)	read independently)	read independently)
Words in context and authorial choice Discuss	Words in context and authorial choice Discuss	Words in context and authorial choice Discuss
and clarify the meanings of words,	and clarify the meanings of words,	and clarify the meanings of words,
linking new meanings to known vocabulary.	linking new meanings to known vocabulary.	linking new meanings to known vocabulary.
Discuss their favourite words and phrases.	Discuss their favourite words and phrases.	Discuss their favourite words and phrases.
Inference and prediction	Inference and prediction	Inference and prediction
Make inferences on the basis of what is being	Make inferences on the basis of what is being	Make inferences on the basis of what is being
said and done.	said and done.	said and done.

	Predict what might happen on the basis of what	Predict what might happen on the basis of what	Predict what might happen on the basis of wha
	has been read so far in a text.	has been read so far in a text.	has been read so far in a text.
	Poetry and performance	Poetry and performance	Poetry and performance
	Continue to build up a repertoire of poems	Continue to build up a repertoire of poems	Continue to build up a repertoire of poems
	learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting	learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting	learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting
	some with appropriate intonation to make the	some with appropriate intonation to make the	some with appropriate intonation to make the
	meaning clear.	meaning clear.	meaning clear.
	Non-Fiction	Non-Fiction	Non-Fiction
	Recognise that non- fiction books are often	Recognise that non- fiction books are often	Recognise that non- fiction books are often
	structured in different ways.	structured in different ways	structured in different ways
Writing Foci	Phonics and Spelling Rules	Phonics and Spelling Rules	Phonics and Spelling Rules
	Segment spoken words into phonemes and to	Segment spoken words into phonemes and to	Segment spoken words into phonemes and to
	represent these with graphemes, spelling many	represent these with graphemes, spelling many	represent these with graphemes, spelling many
	of these words correctly and making phonically	of these words correctly and making phonically	of these words correctly and making phonically
	plausible attempts at others.	plausible attempts at others.	plausible attempts at others.
	Recognise new ways of spelling phonemes for	Recognise new ways of spelling phonemes for	Recognise new ways of spelling phonemes for
	which one or more spellings are already known.	which one or more spellings are already known.	which one or more spellings are already known
	Apply further Y2 spelling rules and guidance*,	Apply further Y2 spelling rules and guidance*,	and to learn some words with each spelling,
	which includes:	which includes:	including some common homophones (e.g.
	the /dʒ/ sound spelt as 'ge' and' dge' (e.g.	adding –ed, –ing,–er and –est to a root word	bare/bear, blue/ blew, night/knight).
	fudge, huge) or spelt as'g' or 'j' elsewhere in	ending in –y (e.g. skiing, replied) and exceptions	Apply further Y2 spelling rules and guidance*,
	words (e.g. magic, adjust);	to the rules; adding theendings –ing, –ed, –er, –	which includes:
	the /n/ sound spelt 'kn' and 'gn' (e.g. knock, gnaw	est and –y to words ending in –e with a consonant before (including exceptions);	Spell most Y1 and Y2 common exception words correctly
	the /r/sound spelt 'wr' (e.g. write, written);	adding –ing,–ed, –er, –est and –y to wordsof	Spell more words with contracted forms, e.g.
	the /l/or /əl/ sound spelt –le(e.g. little, middle) or	one syllable ending in a single consonant letter	can't, didn't, hasn't, couldn't, it's, I'll.
	spelt–el (e.g. camel, tunnel) or spelt –al (e.g.	after a single vowel letter (including	The suffixes –ment, –ness, –ful, –less and –ly
	metal, hospital) or spelt –il (e.g. fossil, nostril);	exceptions);	Words ending in -tion
	the/ai/ sound spelt y (e.g. cry, fly, July);	the /ɔ:/ sound (or) spelt 'a' before 'l' and 'll' (e.g.	Learn the possessive singular apostrophe (e.g.
	adding-estonouns and verbsending in	ball, always);	the girl's book).
	-y where the 'y' is changed to 'i' before the -es	the $/\Lambda$ sound spelt 'o' (e.g. other, mother,	Write, from memory, simple sentences dictated
	(e.g. flies, tries, carries);	brother);	by the teacher that include words using the
		the /i:/ sound spelt-ey: the plural forms of these	GPCs, common exception words and
	Spell most Y1 and Y2 common exception words	words are madebytheaddition of -s (e.g.	punctuation taught so far.
	correctly	donkeys, monkeys);	

Write, from memory, simple sentences	the /ɒ/ sound spelt 'a' after 'w' and 'qu' (e.g. want,	Segment spoken words into phonemes and to
dictated by the teacher that include words	quantity, squash);	then represent all of the phonemes using
using the GPCs, common exception words and	the/3:/sound spelt 'or' after 'w' (e.g. word, work,	graphemes in the right order for both for single
punctuation taught so far.	worm);	syllable and multi-syllabic words.
Segment spoken words into phonemes and to	the /ɔ:/ sound spelt 'ar' after 'w' (e.g. warm,	Self-correct misspellings of words that pupils
then represent all of the phonemes using	towards);	have been taught to spell (this may require
graphemes in the right order for both for single	- the /ʒ/ sound spelt 's' (e.g. television, usual).	support to recognise misspellings).
syllable and multi-syllabic words.	Spell most Y1 and Y2 common exception words	Letter Formation, Placement and Positioning
Self-correct misspellings of words that pupils	correctly	Write capital letters and digits of the correct size
have been taught to spell (this may require	Write, from memory, simple sentences dictated	orientation and relationship to one another and
support to recognise misspellings).	by the teacher that include words using the	to lower case letters.
Letter Formation, Placement and Positioning	GPCs, common exception words and	Form lower case letters of the correct size, relative
Write capital letters and digits of the correct size	, punctuation taught so far.	to one another.
orientation and relationship to one another and	d Segment spoken words into phonemes and to	Use spacing between words that reflects the size
to lower case letters.	then represent all of the phonemes using	of the letters.
Form lower case letters of the correct size, relative	graphemes in the right order for both for single-	Begin to use the diagonal and horizontal strokes
to one another.	syllable and multi-syllabic words.	neededto join letters.
Use spacing between words that reflects the size	Self-correct misspellings of words that pupils	Planning, Writing and Editing
of the letters.	have been taught to spell (this may require	Write narratives about personal experiences and
Planning, Writing and Editing	support to recognise misspellings).	those of others (real and fictional).
Write narratives about personal experiences and	Letter Formation, Placement and Positioning	Write about real events.
those of others (real and fictional).	Write capital letters and digits of the correct size,	Write simple poetry.
Write about real events.	orientation and relationship to one another and	Plan what they are going to write about,
Write simple poetry.	to lower case letters.	including writing down ideas and/or key words
Plan what they are going to write about,	Form lower case letters of the correct size, relative	and new vocabulary.
including writing down ideas and/or key words	to one another.	Encapsulate what they want to say, sentence by
and new vocabulary.	Use spacing between words that reflects the size	sentence.
Encapsulate what they want to say, sentence by	of the letters.	Make simple additions, revisions and corrections
sentence.	Begin to use the diagonal and horizontal strokes	to their own writing by evaluating their writing
Make simple additions, revisions and corrections	neededtojoin letters.	with the teacher and other pupils.
to their own writing by evaluating their writing	Planning, Writing and Editing	Reread to check that their writing makes sense and
with the teacher and other pupils.	Write narratives about personal experiences and	that the correct tense is used throughout.
Reread to check that their writing makes sense an	d those of others (real and fictional).	Proofreadto check forerrorsin spelling, grammar
that the correct tense is used throughout.	Write about real events.	and punctuation (e.g. to check that the ends of
	Write simple poetry.	sentences are punctuated correctly).
		Awareness of Audience, Purpose and Structure

Proofreadto check forerrorsin spelling, grammar	Plan what they are going to write about,	Writefor different purposes with an awareness
and punctuation (e.g. to check that the ends of	including writing down ideas and/or key words	of an increased amount of fiction and non-fiction
sentences are punctuated correctly).	and new vocabulary.	structures.
Awareness of Audience, Purpose and Structure	Encapsulate what they want to say, sentence by	Use new vocabulary from their reading, their
Writefor different purposes with an awareness	sentence.	discussions about it (one- to-one and as a whole
of an increased amount of fiction and non-fiction	Make simple additions, revisions and corrections	class) and from their wider experiences.
structures.	to their own writing by evaluating their writing	Read aloud what they have written with
Use new vocabulary from their reading, their	with the teacher and other pupils.	appropriate intonation to make the meaning
discussions about it (one- to-one and as a whole	Reread to check that their writing makes sense and	clear.
class) and from their wider experiences.	that the correct tense is used throughout.	Sentence Construction and Tense
Read aloud what they have written with	Proofreadto check forerrorsin spelling, grammar	Use the presenttense and the pasttense mostly
appropriate intonation to make the meaning	and punctuation (e.g. to check that the ends of	correctly and consistently.
clear.	sentences are punctuated correctly).	Form sentences with different forms: statement,
Sentence Construction and Tense	Awareness of Audience, Purpose and Structure	question, exclamation, command.
Form sentences with different forms: statement,	Writefor different purposes with an awareness	Use somefeatures of written StandardEnglish.
question, exclamation, command.	of an increased amount of fiction and non-fiction	Use co-ordination (or/and/but).
Use somefeatures of written StandardEnglish.	structures.	Use of Phrases and clauses
Use co-ordination (or/and/but).	Use new vocabulary from their reading, their	Use some subordination (when/if/ that/because)
Use of Phrases and clauses	discussions about it (one- to-one and as a whole	Use expanded noun phrases to describe and
Use some subordination (when/if/ that/because).	class) and from their wider experiences.	specify.
Use expanded noun phrases to describe and	Read aloud what they have written with	Punctuation
specify.	appropriate intonation to make the meaning	Use the full rangeof punctuation taught at key
Punctuation	clear.	stage 1mostlycorrectly including:
Use the full range of punctuation taught at key	Sentence Construction and Tense	capital letters, full stops, question marks and
stage 1 mostly correctly including:	Use the presenttense and the past tense mostly	exclamation marks; commas to separate lists;
capital letters, full stops, question marks and	correctly and consistently.	apostrophestomark singular possessionand
exclamation marks; commas to separate lists	Form sentences with different forms: statement,	contractions.
Use of Terminology	question, exclamation, command.	Use of Terminology
Recogniseanduse the terms noun, noun phrase,	Use somefeatures of written Standard English.	Recogniseanduse the terms noun, noun phrase
statement, question, exclamation, command,	Use co-ordination (or/and/but).	statement, question, exclamation, command,
compound, suffix, adjective, adverb, verb,	Use of Phrases and clauses	compound, suffix, adjective, adverb, verb,
present tense, past tense andcomma.	Use some subordination (when/if/ that/because).	present tense, past tense, apostrophe and comma.
	Use expanded noun phrases to describe and	
	specify.	
	Punctuation	

		Use the full rangeof punctuation taught at key stage 1mostlycorrectly including: capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks; commas to separate lists <u>Use of Terminology</u> Recogniseanduse the terms noun, noun phrase, statement, question, exclamation, command, compound, suffix, adjective, adverb,verb, present tense, past tense, apostrophe and comma.	
Maths	Place Value and Number	Multiplication and division	Measurement – Length and Height
	Numbers to 20	Make equal groups – sharing	Measure length (cm)
	Count objects to 100 by making 10s	Make equal groups – grouping	Measure height (cm)
	Recognise tens and ones	Divide by 2	Compare lengths
	Use a place value chart	Odd and even numbers	Order lengths
	Partition numbers to 100	Divide by 5	Four operations with lengths
	Write numbers to 100 in words	Divide by 10	Geometry: position and direction
	Flexibly partition numbers to 100	<u>Statistics</u>	Describing movement
	Write numbers to 100 in expanded form	Make tally charts	Describing turns
	10s on the number line to 100	Draw pictograms (1-1)	Describing movement and turns
	10s and 1s on the number line to 100	Interpret pictograms (1-1)	Making patterns with shapes
	Estimate numbers on a numberline	Draw pictograms (2,5 and 10)	Measurement: Time
	Compare objects		
	Compare numbers		
	Order objects and numbers		
	Count in 2's, 5's and 10's		
	Count in 3's		
	Addition and Subtraction	Interpret pictograms (2,5 and 10)	O'clock and half past
	Bonds to 10	Block Diagrams	Quarter past and quarter to
	Fact families – addition and subtraction bonds to 20	Properties of Shape	Telling the time to 5 minutes
	Use related facts	Recognise 2-D and 3-Dshapes	Hours and Days
	Bonds to 100 (tens)	Count sides on 2-D shapes	Finding durations of time
	Add and subtract 1's	Count vertices on 2-D shapes	Compare durations of time
	Add by making 10		
	Add three 1 digit numbers		
	Add to the next 10		
	Add across 10		

Subtract across 10 Subtract from 10	Lines of symmetry	Measurement: Mass, capacity and
Subtract a 1-digit number from a 2-digit number		
(across 10)		
10 more, 10 less		
Add and subtract 10s		
Add two 2-digit numbers (not across 10)		
Add two 2-digit numbers (across 10)		
Subtract two 2-digit numbers (not across 10)		
Subtract two 2-digit numbers (across 10)		
Mixed addition and subtraction		
Compare number sentences		
Missing number problems		
	Sort 2-D shapes	temperature
	Make patterns with 2-D shapes	Compare mass
	Count faces on 3-D shapes	Measure mass in grams
Shape_	Count edges on 3-D shapes	Compare volume
Recognise 2D and 3D shapes	Count vertices on 3-D shapes	Millilitres
Count sides on 2D shapes		
Count vertices on 2D shapes		
Draw 2D shapes		
Lines of symmetry to complete shapes		
Sort 2D shapes		
Cunt faces on 3D shapes		
Count edges on 3D shapes Count vertices on 3D shape		
Sort 3D shapes		
Make patterns with 2D and 3D shapes		
wake patterns with 20 and 50 shapes	Sort 3-D shapes	Litres
	Make patterns with 3-D shapes	Temperature

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		Fractions Find equal parts Recognise a half Find a half Recognise a quarter Find a quarter Find a third Unit fractions Non-unit fractions Equivalence of ½ and 2/4 Find 3 quarters Count in fractions	
Science	Materials	Animals including humans	Animals, including humans
Science	<u>Materials</u> (K) Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses	Animals including numans (K) Find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air)	(K) Explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive

	To explore and recreate Harrisons Arctic landscape using oil pastels	Explore the landscapes across the continent. Describe the colours, shapes and patterns found in different African landscapes. Explore	To explore and recreate Arcimboldo's Four Seasons paintings.
	 Artist Study – Ted Harrison: To find out about the work of Ted Harrison 	Explore Africa, its colours, shapes and patterns.	<u>Artist Study – Giuseppe Arcimboldo</u> To find about the work of Arcimboldo.
Art and Design	Arctic Adventure Art:	African Art:	Natural Art:
		(WS) Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways	
		(WS) Observing closely, using simple equipment	
		answering questions.	
		(WS) Gathering and recording data to help in	
		(WS) Identifying and classifying	
		animals in their habitats, including micro- habitats	(WS) Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions
		(K) Identify and name a variety of plants and	(WS) Performing simple tests
		different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other	(WS) Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways
		different habitats provide for the basic needs of	(WS) Observing closely, using simple equipmen
		(K) Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how	and stay healthy.
	answering questions.	Living things and habitats	(K) Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow
	(WS) Gathering and recording data to help in	answering questions. (WS) Observing closely, using simple equipment	grow into mature plants
	(WS) Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions	(WS) Gathering and recording data to help in	Plants (K) Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs
	(WS) Performing simple tests	(WS) Performing simple tests	Disector
	(WS) Observing closely, using simple equipment	(WS) Identifying and classifying	answering questions.
	(WS) Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways	exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene.	suggest answers to questions (WS) Gathering and recording data to help in
	(WS) Identifying and classifying	(K) Describe the importance for humans of	(WS) Using their observations and ideas to
	squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.	simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.	(WS) Identifying and classifying
	(K) Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by	(K) Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a	(K) Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults

Investigate colours and colourful Arctic	patterns and colours in the fabric African	To explore Arcimboldo's representations of the
landscapes.	people wear.	four elements.
Investigate how different colours can remind	Explore Maasai jewellery and culture	To select, arrange and use flowers to make
them of things and link colours to different	Explore the jewellery and culture of the Massai	portraits.
emotions.	warriors.	To use oil paints or pastels to create animal
Explore different Arctic landscapes and identify	Learn about Massai jewellery and describe the	portraits.
the colours they can see, linking them back to	colours and patterns within different pieces.	To make appropriate decisions when selecting
the emotions, thoughts and feelings they	Design and make their own Massai jewellery.	objects and images.
discussed earlier in the lesson. To use different	Explore and make African masks	Earth Art:
colours to create an Arctic scene using paints or	Describe and learn about African masks and	Explore ways of painting on rocks.
collage	their importance to African tribes.	Learn that different cultures painted images on
Explore the Aurora Borealis (Northern Lights).	Begin to understand masks have different	rocks to tell stories.
Look closely to see what colours and shapes	features that need to be made separately.	Look at examples of modern rock painting and
they can spot in the lights and then attempt to	Children will use templates and images to make	will make their own pet rocks.
mimic this in their own artwork using chalk	their own African mask.	Make sculptures with sticks and twigs
pastels.	Explore African sunsets	Explore what sculptures are and will look at
Sparks and Flames Art:	Look at and describe the colours and blends in	sculptures created from natural materials.
Use chalk to create flames	African sunset images.	Learn the names of famous artists who use
To explore light and dark as they use chalk to	Learn that many artists like to capture the	sticks and twigs to make sculptures.
create flames	beauty of sunsets and sunrises.	Use collected sticks and twigs to make their
Use collage to create flames	Make silhouettes and use paint to create their	own sculptures.
To think about the shapes and colours they can	own African sunset pictures.	Make animal pictures with leaves.
see in the flames in the painting by Rita Greer.	Explore African water jars.	Explore Rangoli patterns made from flowers
Use a description of a fire and use it as	Understand how scarce water is in Africa and	and leaves.
inspiration when creating their own	how African people collect water.	Learn how to work with leaves found in the
representations of The Great Fire of London	Work with clay to make African water jars.	woods to make leaf animal pictures.
using tissue paper	Use clay off-cuts to add extra features to their	Use their fine motor skills to work carefully with
Use mixed media to create scenes.	water jars.	fragile materials
To have the opportunity to create dioramas of		Weave with natural materials
fire scenes.		Explore the ancient art of loom weaving and
Use their imagination to create buildings,		how it is done.
people and flames to depict events and		Understand how weaving works and that many
scenarios.		fabrics they wear are woven.
		Use natural materials to make a loom frame
		and create their own weave.
		Explore ways of making mandalas

			Learn about the Indian mandala and why it is important to the Indian culture. Look at mandala patterns and explore symmetrical designs. Use templates and colouring tools to create their own mandalas. <u>Make a collage using natural materials</u> Explore the collage technique and the types of materials people use to make them. Collect their own materials from the woods and follow steps to create their own collage of a particular scene.
DT	Making Bread: Follow a recipe to make bread	African drum Explore African instruments Design and make an African Djembe drum	Create a sensational saladUnderstand where food comes from in the context of looking at different fruits and vegetablesTo explore and evaluate a range of existing products in the context of tasting salads made mainly from root vegetables.To use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishesPrepare a salad made from root vegetables.Prepare fruit saladsFabric Faces – Manipulating fabrics to create different effectsExplore fabricsExplore fabricsSelect from and use a range of textiles according to their characteristics in the context of selecting materials to represent their own hair.Join fabrics together and attach different materials.Cut on a line and use a template to create my fabric face shape.

			Create and follow a design criterion Carefully select fabrics and materials. Follow own design carefully and use different tools to make my fabric face.
Computing	Communicating – Purple mash - Animation Record a short film using a digital device. Purple mash - Making Music Create a musical composition with music software. Arrange a musical sequence where musical phrases are represented by icons. PowerPoint Know how to save copy and paste images from the internet with support from an adult. Combine images, text and sounds to create a simple presentation using appropriate software or app on an appropriate digital device. Edit text including changing the appearance, alignment of the text to suit a purpose	Computing Purple mash – 2QuestionTo use yes/no questions to separate information.To construct a binary tree to separate different items.Use 2Question (a binary tree) to answer questions.To use a database to answer more complex search questions.To use the Search tool to find information.Pictograms Recognise that we can count and compare objects using tally charts Recognise that objects can be represented as pictures 	Computing Purple mash - Coding Understand what an algorithm is. Create a computer programme using a simple algorithm Understand how to use a repeat and timer command Know what debugging means. Understand the need to test and debug a program repeatedly Debug simple programs Create programs using different kinds of object whose behaviours are limited to specific actions. Predict what the objects will do in other programs, based on their knowledge of what the object is capable of Purple mash - Online Safety Develop an understanding of the need to keep their information private. Know how to share work electronically using the display boards. Use digital technology to share work on Purple Mash to communicate and connect with other locally. Have some knowledge and understanding about sharing more globally on the Internet. Introduce Email as a communication tool using

		Understand how we talk to others when they aren't there in front of us. Contribute to a class email or blog. Open and send simple online communications in the form of email. Understand that information put online leaves a digital footprint or trail. Begin to think critically about the information they leave online. Identify the steps that can be taken to keep personal data and hardware secure
The Great Fire of LondonDevelop an awareness of the past in the context of comparing present-day London to the London that existed before 1666 identify differences and similarities between ways of life in different periods in the context of comparing present day living to how people of London lived during 1666. Know and understand key features of an event beyond living memory that are nationally significant in the context of finding out about the Great Fire of London and how it started. Understand key features of events, choosing and using parts of stories and asking and answering questions through discussing and thinking of the ways in which London was changed and rebuilt after the Great Fire. Understand key features of events, choosing and using parts of stories and asking and answering questions through discussing and thinking of the ways in which London was changed and rebuilt after the Great Fire. Understand key features of events, choosing and using parts of stories and asking and answering questions through discussing and thinking of the ways in which London was changed and rebuilt after the Great Fire. Understand key features of events, choosing and using parts of stories and asking and answering questions through discussing and thinking of the ways in which London was changed and rebuilt after the Great Fire. 	Who was Nelson Mandela? Understand who Nelson Mandela was Understand why Nelson Mandela is an inspirational person Learn about Nelson Mandela's 3 rules Develop an understanding of the problems in South Africa Learn about Nelson Mandela and the ANC Develop an understanding of why Nelson Mandela became president	Life and Legacy of Beatrix Potter Place a few events and objects in order by using common phrases to show the passing of time (old, new/young, days and months). Recognise the distinction between present and past in their own and other people's lives. Find out about the past in a variety of ways including roleplay, using books, using story, watching animations/films, using ICT Use a wide variety of simple sources to find answers to our questions about the past What life was like for children at the time Beatrix Potter was alive and consider how this compares to what life is like for children today.

	newspaper report, describing the main events		
	of the Great Fire.		
	Study of Ernest Shackleton		
	Understand who Ernest Shackleton was		
	Understand why Ernest Shackleton went to		
	Antarctica		
	Use pictures to generate and answer questions		
	about Shackleton		
	Recount the main events in the life of a Ernest		
	Shackleton using pictures		
	Select information from pictures about		
	conditions in Shackleton's camp in Antarctica		
	Know why Shackleton is remembered today		
	Sequence events related to the life of Ernest		
	Shackleton		
Geography	Arctic Adventures	Africa	Plan a herb garden
	Look at Arctic Circle maps to learn about what it	Identify the seven continents and five oceans of	Plan and draw a map of a herb garden
	is and where it is.	the world on a world map.	Use a plan view.
	Explore the seven countries that make up the	Identify the location of the UK and Kenya.	Look down on objects to make a plan view map.
	Arctic Circle.	Explore the idea of a safari and think about	
	Look at and describe images of towns found in	what they might see on a Kenyan safari.	
	the Arctic Circle.	Look at how different places around the world	
	Learn new weather vocabulary and will use it to	have different climates based on the location of	
	describe weather patterns.	the poles and the equator. Learn about Kenya's	
	Learn about winter and summer in the Arctic	wet and dry seasons and compare Kenya's	
	and what the weather is like in each of these	climate to the UK climate.	
	seasons.	I de a tife e a constato e a francisca de the at live in Kanaca	
	seasons.	Identify a variety of animals that live in Kenya,	
	Use their senses to describe the landscapes in	identify a variety of animals that live in Kenya, identify their features and find out facts about	
	Use their senses to describe the landscapes in	identify their features and find out facts about	
	Use their senses to describe the landscapes in the Arctic.	identify their features and find out facts about them, including where some of the	
	Use their senses to describe the landscapes in the Arctic. Learn some new vocabulary associated with	identify their features and find out facts about them, including where some of the geographical features the animals need, such	
	Use their senses to describe the landscapes in the Arctic. Learn some new vocabulary associated with physical features found in the Arctic, including	identify their features and find out facts about them, including where some of the geographical features the animals need, such bodies of water or trees for shade.	

	Use maps to locate and record animal	Describe how a variety of safari animals can get	
	distribution in the Arctic.		
		from one place to another and use grids on a	
	Look closely at some Arctic cities and describe	map to travel a given number of places in	
	the physical features within the cities.	different directions.	
	Use a map to locate these cities in the Arctic	Use photos to identify some different land	
	and describe the country they are in.	features of Kenya, such as savannahs, valleys,	
	Look closely at Sisimuit in Greenland and	mountains and beaches, and describe their	
	compare it to London in the United Kingdom.	features.	
	Use language to compare the physical features,	Compare large cities and small villages.	
	human features and weather.	Use appropriate vocabulary to describe the	
		different landscapes of Kenya.	
		Find out that there are many different groups	
		of people who live in Kenya.	
		Compare people who live in large cities with	
		those who live in more rural areas.	
		Find out about the Maasai tribe and start to	
		consider the differences between Maasai life	
		and like in the UK.	
		Use photos and their prior knowledge to	
		identify ways in which Kenya is similar to or	
		different from the UK.	
		Compare areas such as landscapes, towns,	
		villages, food, clothing and lifestyles.	
Music	Sing songs with increasing control, confidence	Use thinking voices by singing words or phrases	Explore different types of sound (timbre) and
	and expression;	in their heads;	use words to describe sounds;
	Recognise phrase lengths and know when to	Identify the rhythm of the words;	Identify how sounds can be changed and
	breathe;	Perform a rhythm to a given pulse, beginning to	change sounds to reflect different stimuli;
	Begin to sing with control of pitch, following the	hear the difference between pulse and rhythm;	Make sounds and recognise how they can give
	shape of the melody; follow pitch movements	African Music	message;
	with hands and explore high, low and middle	Begin to internalise and create rhythmic	Identify different groups of instruments;
	voices using	patterns through African Drumming;	Handle and play instruments with control;
	BBC Schools Radio: Great Fire of London;		Identify and use descriptive words and sounds
	Sing with awareness of other performers,	Explore and express their ideas and feelings	to create sound pictures, using given and
	developing confidence and enjoyment of a	about music using movement;	invented signs and symbols;
	shared experience;	Explore and choose different movements to	
		describe African Animals;	

	Perform together and follow instructions that	Listen with concentration and understanding to	Contribute to the creation of a class	
	combine the musical elements of pitch	a range of music, including African Music;	composition and make improvements to their	
	duration, dynamics, timbre and texture in the	Develop awareness of simple structures e.g. call	own and others' work;	
	Harvest Festival/Christmas Nativity Play;	and response in African Songs;	Select sounds and sound sources carefully in	
	Create sequences of movements in response to	Understand how the combined elements of	response to a story	
	sounds using	pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre and	Jack and the Beanstalk	
	Time to Move: Ice Explorers	texture can be organised and used expressively		
		within simple structures.		
PE	<u>Multi skills –</u>	Games	Games including athletics	
	Pupils will carry on their learning of the correct	Children will work small sided games such as;	Tag rugby - recap on the correct ways to hole	
	technique of different types of throws i.e.	Matball, Dodgeball, Cricket, Hockey and	the rugby ball (hands on ears not on cheeks)	
	under arm and over arm.	Football. Higher level pupils will look to develop	the correct ways to tackle in tag rugby and to	
	Different types of kicking i.e. side foot and laces	their positioning on where to stand to make it	attack space. Understanding the basic rules o	
	and the correct ways to stop the ball.	difficult for the other team.	the game.	
	Carry on their spatial awareness work from last	They will also try to implement the skills they	Football – learning the basic rules of the gam	
	year (reception)	learned from the previous term into these	Correct ways to shoot and what type of	
	Ball Handling skills i.e. catching different types	games.	shooting in different scenarios. Work on the	
	of balls, small large, hard balls and soft balls.	Recap and improve the basic skills and look to	keeper skills.	
	Children to take part in yoga activity sessions to	make improvements	Ball Handling – working on throwing and	
	help develop their core strength and flexibility.	Introduction into their body and how it changes	catching techniques introduction into chest	
		through exercise.	pass.	
		Children will be encouraged to use the terms	Athletics – working on all the events what are	
		opponent and team mates when playing games.	included in our sports day. Learning good	
		Pupils who excel students will demonstrate	posture while sprinting and correct starting	
		good levels of keeping possession of the ball.	positions for sprinting.	
	National Curriculum: Key Stage 1			
	We would want children by the end of key stage 1 to be to catch consistently and to be able to throw accurately underarm. To be able to			
	demonstrate all the skills on our Chris Quigley assessment sheets (kept in file). Our higher-level pupils will demonstrate higher than expected			
	positioning in games and have developed tactics to use in games to obtain a successful result in games. Master basic movements including running,			
	jumping throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination and begin to apply these in activities.			
	Jan 19			
RE	Leaders	Belonging	Story	
	Pupils will learn some stories of Moses.	Pupils will learn about belonging in a family, to	Pupils will learn Jewish and Christian stories.	
	They will find out about Moses as a great	a school and in the community.	They will gain knowledge about the Jewish Bi	
	leader for Jewish people.		and the importance of the Torah.	
	They will learn some stories about Jesus and		· · ·	

	Saint Peter	They will gain knowledge about ways of	
	 They will find out about Saint Peter as a Christian leader. They will consider what makesa leader: their behaviour, examples of their wisdom andrules for living harmoniously; the difference they have made. A non -religious leader makesa good point of comparison. Believing Pupil's will learn some Jewish peoples' ideas about God and the story of creation. They will find out about the importance of Shabbat. 	belonging in Christianity, Jesus' Baptisms, The Golden Rule and belonging to humanity.	
	They will learn some ways a Rabbi teaches the community about God		
PHSE/RSE	Digital WellbeingTalk about ways in which the Internet isuseful.Know how to balance screen time withother activities and understand why this isimportant.Know how to stay safe online.explain why we keep personal informationprivate.Know how to communicate online in waysthat show kindness and respect.Understand that not everything on theInternet is true.VIP'sTalk about the very important people intheir life and explain why they are special.Describe why families are important.	It's my bodyKnow they can choose what happens totheir body.Make healthy choices about sleep andexercise.Make healthy choices about food anddrink.Know how to keep their body clean.Know what is safe to eat or drink.Choose to keep their mind and bodyhealthy and safe.Growing upName the main parts of boys' and girls'bodies.Understand how to respect their own andother people's bodies.Understand that we are all different and	Money MattersExplain the different forms money comesin.Explain where money comes from.Explain how to keep money safe and whythis is important.Explain choices Ithey have about spending money and whyit is important to keep track of what theyspend.Explain the difference between things wewant and things we need.Explain what happens when we goshopping.One WorldExplore family life in different countriesand say how it is the same as theirs and

Describe ways to help resolve arguments and disagreements without being unkind. Cooperate with others to achieve a task. Describe how they can show their special people that they care about them and they understand why this is important.	Describe how they have changed since they were a baby. Describe how they will change as they get older. Describe things that might change in a person's life and how it might make them feel.	Discuss homes and home life from around the world and say how they are the same as theirs and how they are different. Explain what it is like to go to school in other countries and say how it is the same as or different from their school. Explore places where people live which are different from where I live. think about how people use things from the earth and what problems this can cause. Say why it is important to care for the earth and identify how they can help protect it.
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